

Date 20/02/2020

FINGERTE

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Ultracrete

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Floor cleaning powder

www.fingertens.com.au

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

FINGERTENS Pty Ltd						
Suite 1A / Level	2	802 Pacific Highway				
Gordon	NSW	2072				
EMail	admin(@fingertens.com.au				
Web Site:	<u>www.fi</u>	ngertens.com.au				
Telephone:	1300 8	55 273				
Facsimile:	1300 8	55 274				

Emergency Telephone Number:

131126 Poisons Information Centre

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria. Skin corrosion - category 1B Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - category 3 Label elements Hazard pictogram

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H335 May cause respiratory irritation AUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas

Precautionary Statements

General

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use.

Prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ clothing and eye/ face protection.

Response

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

Storage

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P510 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local/ national regulations.

Other hazards

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP) S6 POISON

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

Mixtures

INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	PROPORTION
Disodium metasilicate pentahydrate; Disodium trioxosilicate	10213-79-3	> 60 %
Carbonic acid, disodium salt; Sodium carbonate	497-19-8	10 - < 30 %
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated; Laureth-8	68439-50-9	< 5 %
Troclosene sodium, dehydrate; Sodium dichloroisocyanurate dihydrate	51580-86-0	< 3 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor (at once).

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin contact

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Ingestion

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Not combustible. If material is involved in a fire use: fine water spray, normal foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not combustible. Decomposes on heating emitting toxic fumes.

Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to products of decomposition. Keep containers cool with water spray.

Hazchem Code

2X

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in dusts. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact local emergency services where appropriate.

Environmental precautions

Avoid contaminating waterways. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover with damp absorbent (inert material, sand or soil). Sweep or vacuum up, but avoid generating dust. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for waste treatment methods.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in dust. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

This product is a Scheduled Poison (S6) and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place out of direct sunlight. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Keep container standing upright. Keep containers closed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks.

Specific end uses

See Section 1.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

No exposure standard assigned for this specific material by the Safe Work Australia.

Ingredient	TWA ppm	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL ppm	STEL (mg/m³)
Inspirable dust		10		
Respirable dust		3		

As published by Safe Work Australia.

Time weighted average exposure standard (TWA) means the average airborne concentration of a substance over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

Peak limitation means a maximum or peak airborne concentration of a substance determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time which does not exceed 15 minutes.

Short term exposure limit (STEL) means the average airborne concentration of a substance calculated over a 15 minute period. The STEL should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour working day.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric ontamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation when using. Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Use only in well ventilated areas. Do not breathe dusts. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment or use with local exhaust ventilation. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Refer to Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337:1992 for guidance on selection and use of protective eyewear.

Skin protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Refer to Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161.1: 2000 for guidance on selection and use of protective gloves. Personal protective equipment for the body, appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Refer to Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 for guidance on selection and use of respiratory devices.

General safety and hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

white powder

Not available

Not available Not applicable

Not applicable Not applicable

Soluble in water

12.5 1% solution

chlorine

Environmental exposure controls

Not available

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odour Odour threshold pН Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Vapour pressure Vapour density Relative density Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties **Oxidising properties**

Other information

No additional information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions under normal storage and use conditions.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with acids releasing chlorine gas.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with foodstuffs. Avoid exposure to moisture. Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid contact with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity: No data available for the mixture

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity (LD50)	Dermal Toxicity(LD50)	Inhalation Toxicity(LC50)
Disodium metasilicate pentahydrate; Disodium trioxosilicate	1280 mg/kg (rat)		
Carbonic acid, disodium salt; Sodium carbonate	4090 mg/kg (rat)		
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	1564 mg/kg (rat)	>3000 mg/kg (rabbit)	>1600 mg/kg (rat)
Troclosene sodium, dihydrate	1420 mg/kg (rat)		

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns. Serious eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye damage Respiratory or skin sensitisation: No data available Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available Carcinogenicity: No data available Reproductive toxicity: No data available Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties: No data available Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)-single exposure: May cause respiratory irritation Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: No data available Aspiration hazard: No data available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation:

Exposure to dusts may irritate respiratory tract and cause coughing. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause pulmonary edema.

Skin contact:

May cause severe irritation to skin. Prolonged contact may cause burns to skin.

Eye contact:

Corrosive. May cause severe damage to eyes.

Ingestion:

Ingestion may cause burns to gastrointestinal tract and respiratory tract, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause burns to eyes. May cause redness or burns to skin. Inhalation may cause coughing.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long term exposure

No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute oral toxicity estimate (ATE) > 2000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity estimate (ATE) > 2000 mg/kg

Interactive effects

No information available.

Other information

Toxicity

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Persistence and degradability

No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers..

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good by the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.



UN Number 3253

UN Proper shipping name DISODIUM TRIOXOSILICATE MIXTURE

Transport hazard class(es): Class: 8

Packing group

Environmental hazards: No

Special precautions for user None known

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Not applicable.

Other relevant information:

Hazchem Code

2 X

15. REGLATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by Safework Australia.

Poison schedule

Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Inventory listing(s)

AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances): All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt

Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this substance / mixture by the supplier.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation Date Feb 2020

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ADG - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition) AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals **IBC** - Intermediate Bulk Container IATA – International Air Transport Association ICAO - Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods IMO – International Maritime Organisation LC50 - Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration MARPOL 73/78 - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) LD50 - Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal dose PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic STOT-RE - Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE - Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) SUSMP - Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons **UN - United Nations** vPvB - very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative This MSDS has been prepared by the Technical Manager, Fingertens Pty Ltd. Reason for issue: Revision 10/11/2016

Material Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

This MSDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product, and in particular how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Since the manufacturer/supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for product as sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is available upon request.